## Worksheet 6.5

## Empirical formulae

1 What is an empirical formula for a compound?

2 Calculate the empirical formulae of the following compounds.
(Relative atomic masses: $\mathrm{H}=1, \mathrm{C}=12, \mathrm{~N}=14, \mathrm{O}=16, \mathrm{~S}=32, \mathrm{~K}=39, \mathrm{Fe}=56$ )
a A compound containing 3.5 g nitrogen and 4 g oxygen only.
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b A compound of $50 \%$ oxygen and $50 \%$ sulfur.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
c A compound of $39 \%$ potassium, $1 \%$ hydrogen, $12 \%$ carbon and $48 \%$ oxygen.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d $\quad 16.0 \mathrm{~g}$ of an oxide of iron formed from 11.2 g iron.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3 A compound contains $4.04 \%$ hydrogen, $24.24 \%$ carbon and $71.72 \%$ chlorine.
Relative atomic masses: $\mathrm{H}=1, \mathrm{C}=12, \mathrm{Cl}=35.5$
Relative molecular mass of the compound $=99$
Given this information, find the empirical formula and the molecular formula of the compound.
a Empirical formula:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b Molecular formula:

