

#### Enterprise English 4 Grammar Class

## **Stative Verbs** & Too/Enough

What is STATIVE VERB? (state verb)

- Describe STATE rather than an ACTION.
- ARE <mark>NOT</mark> usually used in CONTINUOUS FORMS.
- <u>Are about a mental state, not</u> <u>about an action.</u>



Likes or Dislike: like, love, dislike, hate, enjoy, prefer etc.

Senses: See, hear, smell, taste, feel, look, sound, etc.

often relate Perception: know, believe, understand, realize, remember, forget, notice, think, see etc.

Stative

Verbs

to

Some other words -> be, contain, belong, fit, need, matter, cost, mean, own, want, owe, have (=possess), wish, keep (=continue), etc.

 Some of the verbs are used in CONTINUOUS TENSE when they DESCRIBE ACTIONS and not states.



# Exercise 5,6 (and 7 -> depends on time)

## Exercise 5:

# 2. A: These towels feels as soft as silk. B: I've just washed them. 3. A: We are thinking of moving back to England. B: Really? When?

## • Exercise 6:

 My new jacket fits me perfectly.
 The Greens are playing golf with my parents this weekend.

## • What is the difference bw TOO/ENOUGH? Road Po 5



#### TOO -> NEGATIVE MEANING.

(Sth is more than enough, necessary or wanted)

#### **Structure:**

- a. too + adj/adv + to- infinitive (It is too cloudy to sunbathe.)
  b. too ..... for SB/STH (This sauce is too spicy for me)
  c. too..... for SB/STH + to- infinitive.
  TOO MUCH -> uncountable nouns (You put too much milk in my coffee)
- **TOO MANY** -> <u>countable nouns</u> (There are too many chairs in this room.

#### ENOUGH -> POSITIVE MEANING.

#### **Structure:**

a. Adj/adv + enough + to- infinitive (it is warm enough to go swimming)

BUT! Not + adj/adv + enough + to- infinitive -----> negative meaning.

Ex: It isn't cold enough to turn on the heating.

b. Enough + noun + to- infinitive (We've got enough charcoal to have a barbecue)



## Exercise 9, 10 (and 11 depends on time)

### • Exercise 9:

# 2. I'll call the babysitter. You are **not old enough** to stay at home alone.

#### • Exercise 10:

## B: Well, I need enough material for one large curtain. Say about 5 metres.

Prepositions

arrive at (a small place) arrive in (a town/city) decide on sth limit to sth live with sb pleased with sb/sth popular with sb

prefer sth to sth else serious about sth socialise with sb succeed in sth think of/about sb/sth warn sb about sb/sth worried about sb/sth

### HW (ENGLISH-12 GRAMMAR)

#### •Check LMS on WED (your HW will be uploaded there!!!) and take a quiz on FRIDAY. (This will be your attendance)

•Memorize THE PREPOSITIONS (NEXT CLASS – SHORT QUIZ)