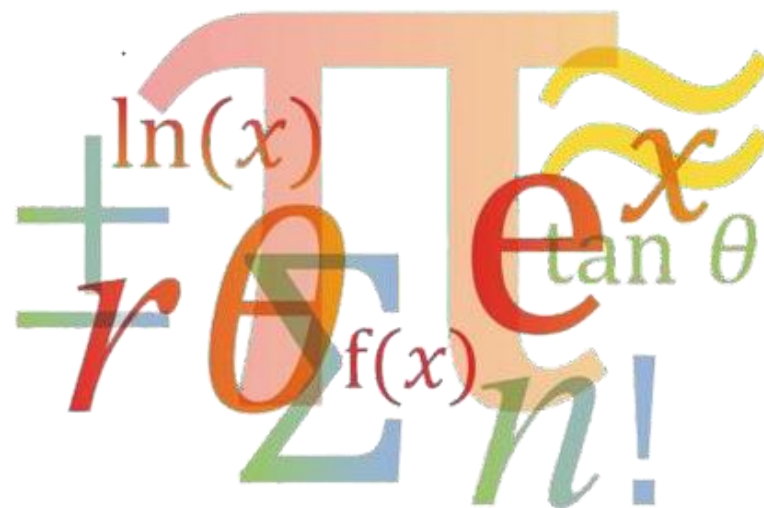


Trigonometry

/Sine and Cosine ratios/



Starter

Use a calculator to find the value of:

1. $\sin 90^\circ$

2. $\cos 50^\circ$

3. $\tan 54^\circ$

4. $\cos 135.8^\circ$

5. $\sin 127.2^\circ$

6. $\cos 28.7^\circ$

7. $\tan 5^\circ$

8. $\sin 41.7^\circ$

9. $\cos 78.8^\circ$

10. $\tan 68.3^\circ$

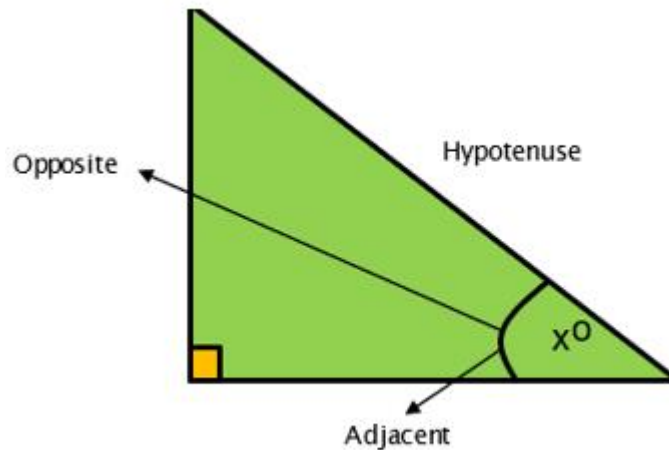
Lesson Outcomes

- To form an equation from a trigonometry triangle
- To find a missing side of a right-angled triangle

Labeling the sides

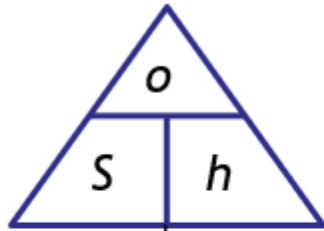
The adjacent side is the side opposite the named angle

The hypotenuse is directly opposite the right-angle

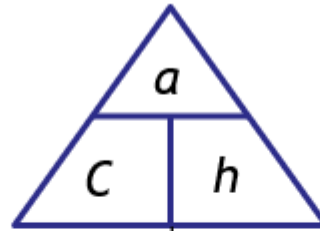


The adjacent side is the side with both the right-angle and the named angle on

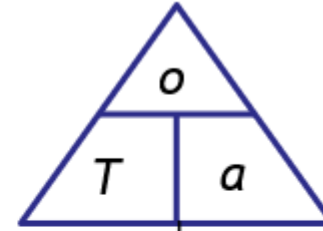
SohCahToa



$$\text{Sin } x^\circ = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

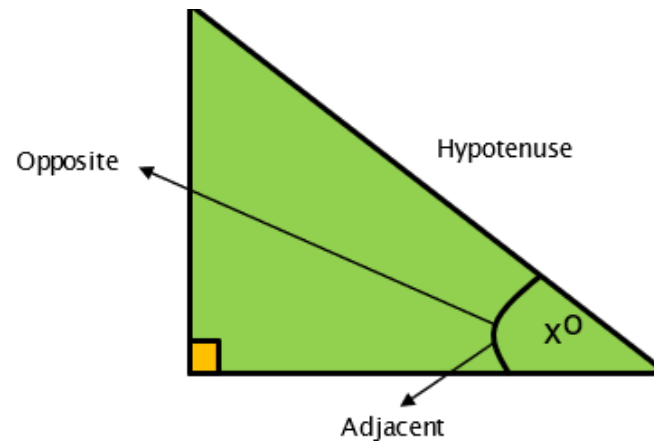


$$\text{Cos } x^\circ = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

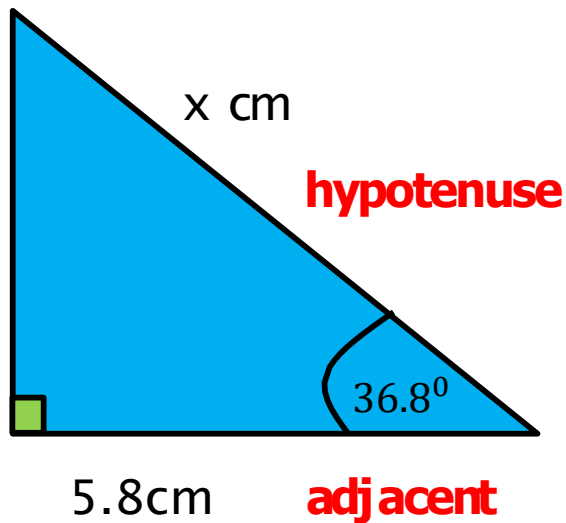


$$\text{Tan } x^\circ = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Adjacent}}$$

Use on right-angled triangles only!



Example 1



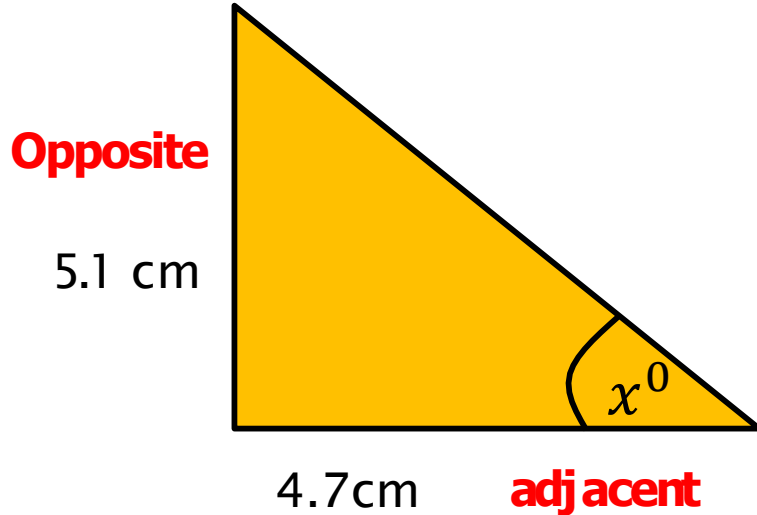
$$\cos x^\circ = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos 36.8^\circ = \frac{5.8}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{5.8}{\cos 36.8^\circ}$$

Answer $x = 7.24 \text{ cm}$ (3.s.f)

Example 2



$$\tan x^\circ = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Adjacent}}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{5.1}{4.7}$$

$$\tan x = 1.085106\dots$$

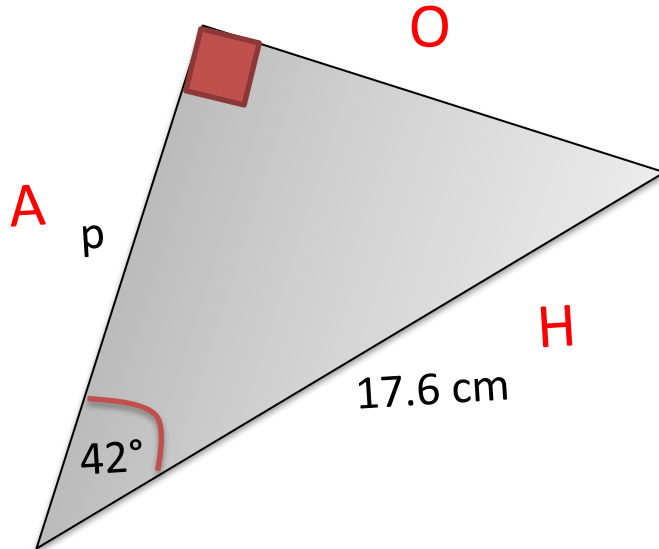
On your calculator:

Shift $x = \tan^{-1}(1.085106)$

Answer $x = 47.3^\circ$ (1.dp)

Example 3

Find the length of side p



$$\cos x^\circ = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos x^\circ = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

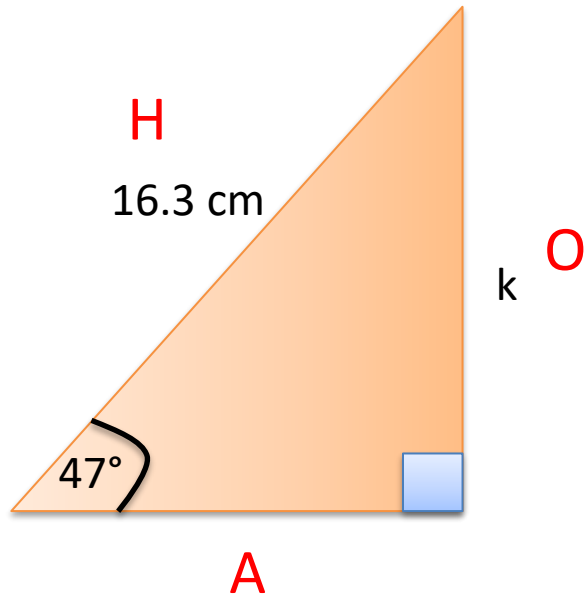
$$\cos 42^\circ = \frac{p}{17.6}$$

$$p = 17.6 \times \cos 42^\circ$$

$$p = 13.1 \text{ cm}$$

Example 4

Find the length of side k



$$\sin x = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{\text{Opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\sin 47^\circ = \frac{k}{16.3}$$

$$k = 16.3 \times \sin 47^\circ$$

$$k = 11.9 \text{ cm (3.sf)}$$