## Zeugma

English

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## What is Zeugma?

Zeugma is a figure of speech in which a single word joins two (or more) parts of a sentence. Sometimes, zeugma creates a mistake, and sometimes it doesn't. Zeugma is often used to create a literary effect.

## Zeugma

when a single word is used with two (or more) parts of a sentence

Zeugma (Example 1)

I held her hand and my tongue. $\Omega$
"held" applies twice

## Zeugma (Example 2)

Lust conquered shame; audacity, fear; madness, reason.
"conquered" applies three times

## Easy Examples of Zeugma

- Here are some examples of zeugma used for literary effect.
- Tommy lost his wallet and his head.
(The verb lost is acting with wallet and head. In this example, lost is used in two different senses. It is used in a literal sense with wallet and a figurative sense with head. This can be a useful literary technique.)
- The skeptic opened the door and his mind.
(It is a good practice when using this technique to put the most literal element first.)


## Easy Examples of Zeugma

- Here are some examples of zeugma that are mistakes:
- Wage neither war nor peace.
(There's a term to wage war but not to wage peace.)
- We watched the luminescence of the lightning and the thumps of the thunder.
(Watch is appropriate for lightning but not thunder.)


## Why Should We Care about Zeugima?

It's rare to find an error involving a zeugma that creates a logical or grammatical mistake. Nevertheless, it's worth checking that any word that relates to two or more parts of your sentence is appropriate for all parts, especially when writing long sentences.

## Key Points

Employ a clown or zengma to entertain.
Use your grey matter and then zengma to inspire deeper thinking. To shock your readers, use zeugma or a cattle prod.

## Let's check! Exercise

- Question 1. True or false?

Zeugma is a figure of speech in which a single word joins two (or more) parts of a sentence.

## Exercise

- Question 1. Answer:

True

## Exercise

- Question 2. Choose the correct example of zeugma:

A: Did you lose your marbles as well as your homework?
B: Can you take the dog out before you do your homework?

## Exercise

- Question 2. Answer:

The correct answer is A

## Exercise

- Question 3. Choose the correct example of zeugma:

A: Petrol will damage the seams, and water will damage the cogs.
B: Petrol will damage the seams, and water the cogs.

## Exercise

- Question 3. Answer:

The correct answer is B

