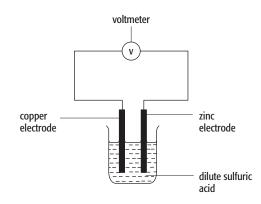
## Worksheet 8.4

## **Energy from metals**

When zinc is added to copper sulfate solution, three things are observed:

٠	the zinc turns from grey to brown
٠	the blue copper sulfate solution becomes colourless
٠	the temperature of the solution increases.
1	Explain each observation:
	<b>a</b> the change on the zinc surface
	<b>b</b> the change to the copper sulfate solution
	c the temperature rise
2	Write an ionic equation to show what happens to the zinc atoms during this reaction.
3	Write an ionic equation to show what happens to the copper ions during this reaction.
4	Electrons move from theions.
5	If zinc is added to dilute sulfuric acid, what is observed?
6	If copper is added to dilute sulfuric acid, what is observed?

7 If this electrochemical experiment is set up, a reading of 1.1 V is observed on the voltmeter.



- a Draw an arrow on the diagram to show in which direction electrons are moving through the circuit.
- **b** What happens to the zinc electrode as the experiment proceeds?
- .....
- c Which electrode becomes the negatively charged electrode in this cell?
  - .....
- **d** How could the experiment be changed to produce a higher voltage?
  - ------
- **e** There is a simple mnemonic to help you apply the names 'anode' and 'cathode' to all types of cell. The mnemonic means that you simply have to remember a '**red cat and an ox**'.
  - Red cat: reduction always takes place at the cathode
  - An ox: the anode is where oxidation takes place
  - i Using this, name which electrode is the anode and which the cathode in this cell.

Anode: the .....electrode

Cathode: the .....electrode

ii What do you notice about the charges on the anode and cathode in this cell compared to an electrolysis cell?

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